



STATEMENT ABOUT ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Joyce Johanna Cornelia Aurelia Leemrijse, civil law notary in Amsterdam, the Netherlands, as keeper of the deeds of Robert Jan Jozef Lijdsman, at that time civil law notary in Amsterdam, the Netherlands,

hereby declares:

the attached document is a fair English translation of the Articles of Association of:

EDP Finance B.V.,

having its official seat in Amsterdam, the Netherlands,

as they read after execution of the deed of amendment on 29 December 2006 before a deputy of R.J.J. Lijdsman, at that time civil law notary in Amsterdam, the Netherlands.

EDP Finance B.V. is a private limited liability company under Dutch law (*besloten vennootschap met beperkte aansprakelijkheid*), having its office address at Herikerbergweg 130, 1101 CM Amsterdam, the Netherlands and registered with the Commercial Register under number 34121496.

In preparing the attached document, an attempt has been made to translate as literally as possible without jeopardising the overall continuity of the text. Inevitably, however, differences may occur in translation, and if they do, the Dutch text will by law govern.

In the attached document, Dutch legal concepts are expressed in English terms and not in their original Dutch terms; the concepts concerned may not be identical to concepts described by the English terms as such terms may be understood under the laws of other jurisdictions.

Amsterdam, the Netherlands, 01 July 2019.



APOSTILLE

(Convention de La Haye du 5 octobre 1961)

1. Country: THE NETHERLANDS
This public document
2. has been signed by **mr. J.J.C.A. Leemrijse**
3. acting in the capacity of notary at Amsterdam
4. bears the seal/stamp of aforesaid notary

Certified

5. in Amsterdam
6. on 02-07-2019
7. by the registrar of the district court of Amsterdam
8. no.
9. Seal/stamp: **033481**
10. Signature:

Y. el Messaoudi



A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Y. el Messaoudi', written over a horizontal line.

CHAPTER I.**Definitions.****Article 1.**

In these articles of association the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

- a. the general meeting: the body of the company formed by shareholders;
- b. the general meeting of shareholders: the meeting of shareholders;
- c. the distributable part of the net assets: that part of the company's net assets which exceeds the aggregate of the issued capital and the reserves which must be maintained by virtue of law;
- d. the annual accounts: the balance sheet and the profit and loss account with the explanatory notes;
- e. the annual meeting: the general meeting of shareholders held for the purpose of discussion and adoption of the annual accounts;
- f. accountant: a "register accountant" or other accountant referred to in Article 393, Book 2 of the Civil Code, as well as an organisation within which such accountants practice.

CHAPTER II.**Name, seat, objects.****Article 2. Name and seat.**

1. The name of the company is:
EDP Finance B.V.
2. The official seat of the company is in Amsterdam.

Article 3. Objects.

The objects of the company are:

- a. to incorporate, to participate in any way whatsoever, to manage, to supervise, to operate and to promote enterprises, businesses and companies;
- b. to finance businesses and companies;
- c. to borrow, to lend and to raise funds, including the issue of bonds, promissory notes or other securities or evidence of indebtedness as well as to enter into agreements in connection with the aforementioned;
- d. to supply advice and to render services to enterprises and companies with which the company forms a group and to third parties;
- e. to render guarantees, to bind the company and to pledge its assets for obligations of the companies and enterprises with which it forms a group and on behalf of third parties;
- f. to obtain, alienate, manage and exploit registered property and items of property in general;
- g. to perform any and all activity of industrial, financial or commercial nature; as well as everything pertaining to the foregoing, relating thereto or conducive thereto, all in the widest sense of the word.

CHAPTER III.**Capital and shares. Register.****Article 4. Authorised capital.**

1. The authorised capital amounts to eight million euro (EUR 8,000,000).
2. The authorised capital is divided into eighty thousand (80,000) shares of one hundred euro (EUR 100) each.
3. All shares are to be registered shares. No share certificates shall be issued.

Article 5. Register of shareholders.

1. The management board shall keep a register in which the names and addresses of all shareholders are recorded, showing the date on which they acquired the shares, the date of the acknowledgement or notification, and the amount paid on each share.
2. The names and addresses of those with a right of usufruct ('life interest') or a pledge on the shares shall also be entered in the register, stating the date on which they acquired the right, and the date of acknowledgement or notification.
3. Each shareholder, each beneficiary of a life interest and each pledgee is required to give written notice of his address to the company.
4. The register shall be kept accurate and up to date. All entries and notes in the register shall be signed by a member of the management board.
5. On application by a shareholder, a beneficiary of a life interest or a pledgee, the management board shall furnish an extract from the register, free of charge, insofar as it relates to his rights in a share.
6. The management board shall make the register available at the company's office for inspection by the shareholders.

CHAPTER IV.**Issuance of shares. Own shares.****Article 6. Issuance of shares.****Body of the company competent to issue shares.****Notarial deed.**

1. The issuance of shares may only be effected pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting, insofar as the general meeting has not designated another body of the company in this respect.
2. The issuance of a share shall furthermore require a deed drawn up for that purpose in the presence of a civil law notary registered in the Netherlands to which those involved are party.

Article 7. Conditions of issuance. Rights of preemption.

1. A resolution for the issuance of shares shall stipulate the price and further conditions of issuance.
2. Upon issuance of shares, each shareholder shall have a right of pre-emption in proportion to the aggregate nominal amount of his shares, subject to the limitations set by law.

3. Shareholders shall have a similar right of pre-emption if options are granted to subscribe for shares.
4. Prior to each single issuance the right of pre-emption may be limited or excluded by the body of the company competent to issue.

Article 8. Payment for shares.

1. The full nominal amount of each share must be paid in on issue.
2. Payment for a share must be made in cash insofar as no other manner of payment has been agreed on. Payment in foreign currency can be made only after approval by the company.

Article 9. Own shares.

1. When issuing shares, the company shall not be entitled to subscribe for its own shares.
2. The company may, subject to the relevant provisions of the law, acquire fully paid in shares in its own capital or depository receipts thereof, up to the maximum permitted by law.
3. The company may give loans with a view to the subscription for or acquisition of shares in its capital or depository receipts thereof, but only up to the amount of the distributable reserves.
4. The disposal of shares or depository receipts thereof held by the company shall be effected pursuant to a resolution of the general meeting, with due observance of the provisions of the blocking clause.
5. No voting rights may be exercised in the general meeting for any share held by the company or any of its subsidiaries, nor in respect of any share of which the company or any of its subsidiaries holds depository receipts.

CHAPTER V.

Transfer of shares. Limited rights.

Issuance of depository receipts.

Article 10. Transfer of shares. Shareholders' rights.

Life interest ("Vruchtgebruik"). Pledging ("Pandrecht").

Issuance of depository receipts.

1. The transfer of a share or the transfer of a right in rem thereon shall require a deed drawn up for that purpose in the presence of a civil law notary registered in the Netherlands to which those involved are party.
2. Unless the company itself is party to the legal act, the rights attached to the share can only be exercised after the company has acknowledged said legal act or said deed has been served on it in accordance with the relevant provisions of the law.
3. If a share is pledged or the owner creates a life interest in a share, the voting right cannot be assigned to the beneficiary of the life interest or the pledgee.
4. The company shall not cooperate to the issuance of depository receipts for its shares.

CHAPTER VI.

Blocking clause.**Article 11. Offer.**

1. Any shareholder wishing to transfer one or more shares, shall first offer to sell those shares to his co shareholders in accordance with the provisions of this article. The obligation to make this offer is not applicable if, either all shareholders have given their written approval to the proposed transfer, which approval shall be valid for a period of three months, or a shareholder is obligated by law to transfer his shares to a prior shareholder.
2. The price at which the shares can be purchased by the other shareholders shall be agreed between the offeror and his co-shareholders. Failing agreement between the parties the price shall be set by an independent expert on request by the most willing party to be appointed by the chairman of the Chamber of Commerce and Factories in whose district the company has its seat, unless the expert is appointed by the parties by mutual consent. The expert referred to in the preceding sentence shall be authorised to inspect all books and records of the company and to obtain all such information as will be useful for his setting the price.
3. If the co-shareholders together are interested in purchasing more shares than have been offered, the offered shares shall be distributed among them as far as possible in proportion to the shareholding of each interested party. However no interested party shall thus acquire more shares than he has applied for.
4. The offeror remains entitled to withdraw his offer, provided he does so within one month after he is informed to which interested parties he can sell all the shares included in the offer and at what price.
5. If it is established that the co shareholders do not accept the offer or that not all shares included in the offer shall be purchased against payment in cash, the offeror shall be free to transfer the shares within three months thereafter to whomsoever he wishes.
6. The company itself as holder of one or more shares shall be entitled to apply for the offered shares only with the consent of the offeror.
7. In case of suspension of payments and bankruptcy the shares of the shareholder concerned shall be put on offer in accordance with the foregoing provisions hereof, within three months of the relevant event. If applications are made for all shares on offer, the offer may not be withdrawn.

CHAPTER VII.**Management.****Article 12. Management board.**

The management of the company shall be constituted by a management board, consisting of one or more members.

Article 13. Appointment. Suspension and dismissal.**Remuneration.**

1. The general meeting shall appoint the members of the management board.
2. A member of the management board may at any time be suspended or dismissed by the general meeting.
3. The general meeting shall determine the remuneration and further conditions of employment for each member of the management board.

Article 14. Duties of the management board.

Decision making process. Allocation of duties.

1. Subject to the restrictions imposed by these articles of association, the management board shall be entrusted with the management of the company.
2. The management board may lay down rules regarding its own decision making process.
3. Resolutions of the management board may also be adopted in writing without recourse to a management board meeting, provided they are adopted by a unanimous vote of all members of the management board. The expression in writing shall include any document transmitted by current means of communication and received in writing.
4. The management board may determine the duties with which each member of the management board will be charged in particular.

Article 15. Representation.

1. The management board shall be authorised to represent the company. Two members of the management board are also authorised to represent the company, acting jointly.
2. The management board may appoint staff members with general or limited power to represent the company. Each staff member shall be competent to represent the company with due observance of any restrictions imposed on him. The management board shall determine their titles.
3. In the event of a conflict of interest between the company and a member of the management board, the company shall be represented by one of the other members of the management board. The general meeting shall at all times be competent to designate one or more other persons for this purpose. If it concerns a conflict of interest between the company and all members of the management board, or the sole member of the management board, the company shall be represented by one or more persons to be designated by the general meeting.
4. Without regard to whether a conflict of interest exists or not, all legal acts of the company vis-à-vis a holder of all of the shares, or vis-à-vis a participant in a marital community of which all of the shares form a part, whereby the company is represented by such shareholder or one of the participants, shall be put down in writing. For the application of the foregoing sentence, shares held by the company or its subsidiaries shall not be taken into account.
5. Paragraph 4 does not apply to legal acts that, under their agreed terms, form part of the normal course of business of the company.

Article 16. Approval of decisions of the management board.

1. Without prejudice to any other appropriate provisions of these articles of association, the management board shall obtain the approval of the general meeting for managerial decisions with respect to any one or more of the following matters:
 - a. the acquiring, alienating, encumbering, leasing, letting and in any other way obtaining and giving the use or benefit of registered property;
 - b. direct or indirect participation in the capital of another company and changing the size of such a participation;
 - c. investments;
 - d. appointing staff members as referred to in article 15 paragraph 2 and determining their authority and title;
 - e. making settlements;
 - f. being a party to legal proceedings, which shall include the conducting of arbitration proceedings, with the exception of taking legal measures which cannot be delayed;
 - g. making and changing employment agreements, as a result of which remuneration is granted, the amount of which per year exceeds the maximum amount to be determined by the general meeting and to be stated to the management board in writing.
 - h. establishing pension plans and granting pension rights in excess of those arising from existing arrangements.
2. The general meeting may determine that any one or more of the resolutions as referred to in paragraph 1 shall not require its approval if the amount involved does not exceed a value to be fixed by the general meeting.
3. The general meeting is entitled to require further resolutions of the management board in addition to those mentioned in paragraph 1 to be subject to its approval. Such further resolutions shall be clearly specified and notified to the management board in writing.
4. The lack of approval referred to in this article does not affect the authority of the management board or its members to represent the company.

Article 17. Absence or prevention.

If a member of the management board is absent or prevented from performing his duties, the remaining members or member of the management board shall be temporarily entrusted with the entire management of the company. If all members of the management board, or the sole member of the management board, are absent or prevented from performing their duties, the management of the company shall be temporarily entrusted to the person designated for this purpose by the general meeting.

CHAPTER VIII.**Annual accounts. Profits.**

Article 18. Financial year.**Drawing up of the annual accounts. Accountant.**

1. The financial year shall be the calendar year.
2. Annually, not later than five months after the end of the financial year, unless by reason of special circumstances this term is extended by the general meeting by not more than six months, the management board shall draw up annual accounts.
3. The annual accounts shall be signed by all the members of the management board. If the signature of one or more of them is lacking, this shall be stated and reasons given.
4. The company may, and if the law so requires shall, appoint an accountant to audit the annual accounts.

Article 19. Adoption of the annual accounts. Publication.

1. The general meeting shall adopt the annual accounts.
2. At the General Meeting of Shareholders at which it is resolved to adopt the annual accounts, a proposal concerning release of the Managing Directors from liability for the management pursued, insofar as the exercise of their duties is reflected in the annual accounts or otherwise disclosed to the General Meeting prior to the adoption of the annual accounts, shall be brought up separately for discussion.
3. The company shall publish the annual accounts within eight days following the adoption thereof subject to statutory exemptions, if applicable.

Article 20. Profits.

1. The general meeting shall determine the allocation of accrued profits.
2. Dividends may be paid only up to an amount which does not exceed the amount of the distributable part of the net assets.
3. Dividends shall be paid after adoption of the annual accounts from which it appears that payment of dividends is permissible.
4. The management board, may subject to due observance of paragraph 2, resolve to pay an interim dividend.
5. The general meeting may, subject to due observance of paragraph 2, resolve to make payments to the charge of any reserve which need not be maintained by virtue of the law.
6. A claim of a shareholder for payment of dividend shall be barred after five years have elapsed.

CHAPTER IX.**General meetings of shareholders.****Article 21. Annual meeting. Other meetings. Convocation.**

1. The annual meeting shall be held annually, and not later than six months after the end of the financial year, for the purpose of discussion and adoption of the annual accounts.
2. Other general meetings of shareholders shall be held as often as the

management board deems such necessary.

3. General meetings of shareholders shall be convoked by the management board, by letter mailed to the addresses of the shareholders as shown in the register of shareholders.
4. The convocation shall take place no later than on the fifteenth day prior to the date of the meeting.
5. The general meetings of shareholders shall be held in the municipality in which the company has its official seat according to these articles of association.
6. The general meetings shall itself appoint its chairman. Until that moment a member of the management board shall act as chairman and in the absence of such a member the eldest person present at the meeting shall act as chairman.
7. The members of the management board shall, as such, have the right to give advice in the general meeting of shareholders.

Article 22. Waiver of formalities. Records.

1. As long as the entire issued capital is represented at a general meeting of shareholders valid resolutions can be adopted on all subjects brought up for discussion, even if the formalities prescribed by law or by the articles of association for the convocation and holding of meetings have not been complied with, provided such resolutions are adopted unanimously.
2. The management board keeps a record of the resolutions made. If the management board is not represented at a meeting, the chairman of the meeting shall provide the management board with a transcript of the resolutions made as soon as possible after the meeting. The records shall be deposited at the offices of the company for inspection by the shareholders. Upon request each of them shall be provided with a copy or an extract of such record at not more than the actual costs.

Article 23. Voting rights.

1. Each share confers the right to cast one vote.
2. The right to take part in the meeting may be exercised by a proxy authorised in writing.
3. To the extent that the law does not require a qualified majority, all resolutions shall be adopted by a majority of the votes cast.
4. If there is a tie of votes the proposal is thus rejected.

Article 24. Resolutions outside of meetings. Records.

1. Resolutions of shareholders may also be adopted in writing without recourse to a general meeting of shareholders, provided they are adopted by a unanimous vote representing the entire issued capital. The provision of article 14 paragraph 3, second sentence, shall apply correspondingly.
2. The provisions of article 21 paragraph 7 shall apply correspondingly to the adoption of resolutions outside a meeting as referred to in paragraph 1.

3. The management board shall keep a record of the resolutions thus made. Each of the shareholders must procure that the management board is informed in writing of the resolutions made in accordance with paragraph 1 as soon as possible. The records shall be deposited at the offices of the company for inspection by the shareholders. Upon request each of them shall be provided with a copy or an extract of such record at not more than the actual costs.

CHAPTER X.

Amendment of the articles of association and dissolution.

Liquidation.

Article 25.

Amendment of the articles of association and dissolution.

When a proposal to amend the articles of association or to dissolve the company is to be made to the general meeting, this must be mentioned in the notification of the general meeting of shareholders. As regards an amendment of the articles of association, a copy of the proposal including the text of the proposed amendment must at the same time be deposited and held available at the company's office for inspection by shareholders and depository receipt holders until the end of the meeting.

Article 26. Liquidation.

1. In the event of dissolution of the company by virtue of a resolution of the general meeting, the members of the management board shall be charged with the liquidation of the business of the company.
2. During liquidation, the provisions of these articles of association shall remain in force as far as possible.
3. The balance remaining after payment of debts shall be transferred to the shareholders in proportion to the aggregate amount of their shareholdings.
4. The liquidation shall furthermore be subject to the provisions of Title 1, Book 2 of the Civil Code.