

ASSESSMENT

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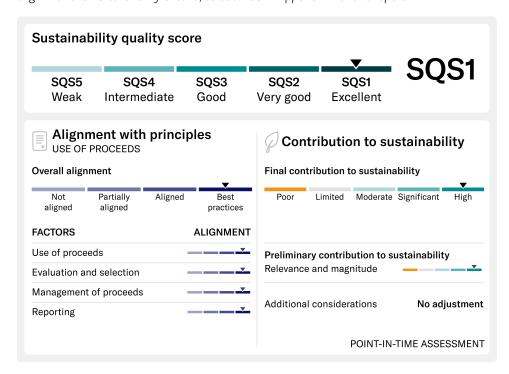
EDP S.A.

Second Party Opinion – Green Finance Framework Assigned SQS1 Sustainability Quality Score

Summary

We have assigned an SQS1 Sustainability Quality Score (excellent) to EDP S.A.'s (EDP) green finance framework dated August 2025. EDP has established its green finance framework with the aim of financing projects across two eligible green categories: renewable energy generation facilities/infrastructure and clean transportation infrastructure. The framework is aligned with the four core components of the International Capital Market Association's (ICMA) Green Bond Principles (GBP) 2025 and the Loan Market Association's, the Asia Pacific Loan Market Association's and the Loan Syndications & Trading Association's (LMA/APLMA/LSTA) Green Loan Principles (GLP) 2025, and the issuer has also incorporated all Moody's Ratings identified best practices. Further, the framework demonstrates a high contribution to sustainability.

Within the scope of our assessment, all economic activities across the two eligible categories align with the EU taxonomy criteria, as outlined in Appendix 4 of this report.



Scope

We have provided a second party opinion (SPO) on the sustainability credentials of EDP's green finance framework, including the framework's alignment with the ICMA's GBP 2025, and the LMA/APLMA/LSTA's GLP 2025. Under the framework, the company, including other entities under EDP's umbrella (EDP - Servicios Financieros España, S.A.U. and EDP Finance B.V.), plans to raise sustainable financing through green instruments to finance green assets and projects across two eligible categories, as outlined in Appendix 3 of this report.

We have also provided a supplementary opinion considering whether the economic activities in the framework align with the EU taxonomy criteria².

Our work does not constitute an assurance, verification or audit of EU taxonomy criteria alignment.

Our assessment is based on the last updated version of the framework received on 31 July 2025, and our opinion reflects our point-in-time assessment² of the details contained in this version of the framework, as well as other public and non-public information provided by the company.

We produced this SPO based on our Assessment Framework: Second Party Opinions on Sustainable Debt, published in March 2025.

Issuer profile

EDP is a vertically integrated utility company, with consolidated revenue of €14.9 billion and EBITDA of €4.9 billion in 2024. It is the largest electric utility in Portugal and also has a small share of Portugal's gas supply market. Through its operations in Spain, EDP is among the four largest electricity generation companies in the Iberian peninsula.

EDP's 71%-owned subsidiary EDP Renovaveis S.A. holds its wind and solar renewables activities worldwide. EDPR is one of the largest onshore wind power operators globally, with a particular focus on the United States (US) and Iberia. EDP is also present in Brazil via its fully owned subsidiary EDP - Energias do Brasil S.A. (EDP Brasil).

The company has a moderate exposure to physical climate risks, including the exposure of hydro power generation to resource volatility. These risks are mitigated by EDP's neutral to low exposure to carbon transition risk, given its relatively low carbon intensity, with scope 1 and 2 emissions of 29 gCO $_2$ /kWh in 2024. We expect carbon intensity to decrease further as the company shuts down coal-fired plants in Iberia and continues its build-out of renewables. EDP aims to be all green by 2030 and reach Net Zero emissions by 2040.

EDP has communicated that a new Business Plan for the period after 2026 will be publicly available on November 6, 2025. This plan will revisit EDP's strategic commitments, including the targets mentioned in this SPO. EDP anticipates that any revisions to the Business Plan, strategic commitments, and targets will maintain the company's ongoing focus on sustainability.

Strengths

- » Adoption of best available standards for the vast majority of eligible projects.
- » Robust environmental and social risk mitigation in place covering all categories.
- » The framework is aligned with the EU Taxonomy criteria and incorporates all Moody's Ratings identified market best practices.

Challenges

» Inclusion of equity investments represents a nonstandard use of proceeds susceptible to specific challenges.

This publication does not announce a credit rating action. For any credit ratings referenced in this publication, please see the issuer/deal page on https://ratings.moodys.com for the most updated credit rating action information and rating history.

Alignment with principles

EDP's green finance framework is aligned with the four core components of the ICMA's GBP 2025 and the LMA/APLMA/LSTA's GLP 2025, and is in line with best practices identified by Moody's Ratings. For a summary alignment with principles scorecard, please see Appendix 1.

Green Bond Principles (GBP)
 Green Loan Principles (GLP)
 Social Bond Principles (SBP)
 Social Loan Principles (SLP)
 Sustainability-Linked Bond Principles (SLBP)
 Sustainability Linked Loan Principles (SLLP)

Use of proceeds

			_
Not aligned	Partially aligned	Aligned	Best practices

Clarity of the eligible categories – BEST PRACTICES

EDP has communicated the nature of expenditures, the eligibility and exclusion criteria, and the location of the eligible projects for all project categories. The types of financing under the present framework can include capital and operational expenditures as well as equity investments. Projects will be located in the USA, Europe, APAC (Singapore) and LATAM, with most projects being located in the USA and Europe.

Under its framework, the issuer intends to allocate a portion of the total eligible asset volume to equity investments. These include direct investments, either through direct equity or shareholder loans, and non-controlling (equity-consolidated) projects. The issuer has also indicated that the proportion of equity expenditures may vary based on EDP's strategy, which includes modifying the eligible asset base and projected capital expenditures towards other renewable energy investments. Additionally, suitable measures appear to be in place to mitigate identified concerns related to the alignment with the GBP and GLP. EDP has committed to tracking and monitoring all the proceeds allocated to the eligible projects, including equity investments in non-controlled entities.

Clarity of the environmental or social objectives – BEST PRACTICES

The company has clearly outlined the environmental objective associated with its eligible categories, particularly, climate change mitigation. Both the renewable energy and clean transportation categories are relevant to this environmental objective. Furthermore, the company has referenced the United Nations' (UN) Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in articulating the objectives of the eligible categories, making the framework coherent with international standards.

Clarity of expected benefits – BEST PRACTICES

EDP has identified clear expected environmental benefits for both categories and these benefits are relevant based on the projects likely to be financed under each category. Relevant and measurable benefits are identified in the framework for the two eligible categories it contains. The benefits will be assessed by the issuer and quantified for all eligible project categories in the corresponding annual reporting. For refinancing, assets will qualify with no lookback period, and capex and opex will have a maximum lookback period of three years. The issuer has committed to communicating to investors the share of refinancing prior to each issuance.

Process for project evaluation and selection



Transparency and clarity of the process for defining and monitoring eligible projects - BEST PRACTICES

EDP's decision-making process for the evaluation and selection of projects is clear and structured, and outlined in its framework which will be publicly available. The company's Sustainable Finance Working Group, which includes teams from Finance, Sustainability, and Financial Planning & Analysis, along with representatives from EDP's subsidiaries, are in charge of evaluating and selecting eligible green

projects and allocating net proceeds to such projects. The portfolio's allocation compliance with the eligibility criteria will be reviewed at least annually. In case a project no longer complies with the eligibility criteria, or is subject to a material environmental and social controversy, the Sustainable Finance Working Group may remove or replace it with other eligible projects.

All projects under the green finance framework follow EDP's Environmental and Social Policies, which are publicly available on the company's website. For more details on EDP ESG management, please see the "Additional contribution to sustainability considerations" section below.

Management of proceeds



Allocation and tracking of proceeds - BEST PRACTICES

The company has defined a clear process for the management and allocation of proceeds in its framework, which is publicly disclosed. An amount equal to the net proceeds from issuances under the framework will be allocated within 24 months after drawdown or issuance, in line with best market practice. The portfolio of assets will be updated annually to reflect investments in accordance with the framework's criteria. Pending full allocation, unallocated net proceeds from the green finance Instruments will be managed in accordance with EDP's treasury management policy and may be used for other cash management purposes or any other treasury business.

Reporting



Reporting transparency – BEST PRACTICES

EDP has committed to publish annual reports on allocation and impact until the maturity of the instruments. In addition, if there are further changes, additional one-off reports can be made available. The reports will be publicly available on the company's website and will cover relevant information about the allocation of proceeds and the expected sustainable benefits of the projects. Key methodology and assumptions for calculation will be publicly available in the impact report. EDP's external auditors will verify the internal tracking method, the allocation of funds, and the impact report.

Contribution to sustainability

The framework demonstrates a high overall contribution to sustainability. This reflects a preliminary contribution to sustainability score of high, based on the relevance and magnitude of the eligible project categories, and we have not made an adjustment to the preliminary score based on additional contribution to sustainability considerations.

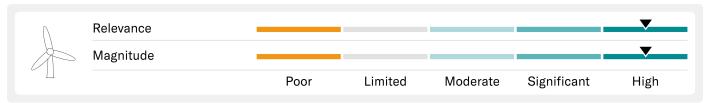


Preliminary contribution to sustainability

The preliminary contribution to sustainability is high, based on the relevance and magnitude of the eligible project categories. Based on information provided by the company, the vast majority of the proceeds are expected to be allocated towards the renewable energy

generation facilities/infrastructure category, and therefore we have assigned a higher weight to this category in our score. A detailed assessment by eligible category has been provided below.

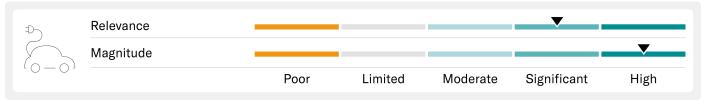
Renewable energy generation facilities/infrastructure



Increasing renewable energy capacities is a highly relevant objective for energy providers looking to contribute to a less carbon-intensive and more sustainable energy system. According to the International Energy Agency (IEA), demand for renewable energy continues to grow. Global renewable electricity generation is forecast to climb to over 17,000 terawatt-hours (TWh) by 2030, an increase of almost 90% from 2023⁴. The vast majority of projects will go towards wind and solar projects located in the USA and Europe, where there is no saturation of renewable energy projects. Hydrogen produced by EDP will have a wide range of applications, including fertilizer production, steel manufacturing, the chemical industry, and energy consumption. Although the latter two are not the most significant end-uses, the residual allocation of eligible proceeds towards hydrogen (approximately 3%) means the overall high relevance of the category remains unchanged.

Overall, the eligible projects under this category are likely to generate a highly positive long-term impact. According the EDP's capex plan, more than 80% of the proceeds will finance wind and solar projects, which are considered best in class green technologies with long-term positive impact. The transmission and distribution and storage of electricity subcategories are also defined using the stringent EU taxonomy criteria. Hydropower facilities have inherent negative externalities such as human displacement and biodiversity loss and do not follow the best available thresholds for the ones commissioned in 2020 or later. Green hydrogen projects, although to be produced from electrolysis and aligned with the EU Taxonomy Criteria, they do not meet the best available emissions thresholds. Hydropower and hydrogen projects represent a very small share of proceeds allocation.

Clean transportation infrastructure



The relevance of this category is significant. While projects promoting electric mobility are crucial for reducing companies' GHG emissions, decarbonizing transport is not the primary activity for decreasing GHG emissions in the utilities sector. On the other hand, investments in infrastructure for clean transportation play an important role in incentivizing the uptake of zero-emission vehicles and ensuring a sustainable low-carbon transition. The European Commission is calling for 3.5 million charging points by 2030 to support the level of vehicle electrification necessary to reach the proposed 55% CO_2 reduction for passenger cars⁵. In the United States, demand for electric vehicle chargers is forecasted to grow to just under 29.8 million units by 2030, up from 1.5 million in 2021⁶.

The installation of charging stations is likely to generate a highly positive long-term impact and avoid locked-in effects. The category is defined to be EU Taxonomy Criteria aligned, which is considered the most stringent standard available. While current energy mix of the projects locations might limit the reduction of life-cycle emissions, the expansion of electric vehicle (EV) charging infrastructure is likely to accelerate the adoption of EVs. As the grid moves towards decarbonization, EV charging stations and their associated infrastructure could have a considerable long-term positive environmental impact.

Additional contribution to sustainability considerations

We have not applied a negative adjustment for additional contribution to sustainability considerations.

EDP demonstrates a strong due diligence process to identify and manage potential E&S risks associated with the projects financed, which should follow the company's publicly available ESG policies. EDP's environmental management system is ISO 140001:2015 certified. Annually, the company also carries a climate risk analysis based on three different scenarios, which considers both transition and physical aspects, based on IEA scenarios and other international sources. The transition variables are adapted according to each geography were EDP operates.

The framework is coherent with the issuer's sustainability strategy. The company plans to reinforce its position in the energy transition. Its coal-fired power plants are being dismantled and converted into other technologies such as hydrogen, natural gas and storage hubs. EDP has set goals to eliminate coal usage by 2025 and achieve an installed renewable energy capacity of 33 GW by 2026, expanding to over 50 GW by 2030. Furthermore, the remuneration policy of the Executive Board of Directors (EBD) includes a variable component related to CO₂ intensity reduction target and the increase in installed renewable energy capacity.

Appendix 1 - Alignment with principles scorecard for EDP's green finance framework

Factor	Sub-factor	Component	Component score	Sub-factor score	Factor score
		Nature of expenditure	Α		
	Clarity of the	Definition of content, eligibility and exclusion criteria for nearly all categories	Α	Best practices	
	eligible categories	Location	Α	practices	
		BP: Definition of content, eligibility and exclusion criteria for all categories	Yes		
		Relevance of objectives to project categories for nearly all categories	Α		
	Clarity of the objectives	Coherence of project category objectives with standards for nearly all categories	Α	Best practices	Best
Use of proceeds		BP: Objectives are defined, relevant and coherent for all categories	Yes		practices
		Identification and relevance of expected benefits for nearly all categories	Α		
		Measurability of expected benefits for nearly all categories	Α		
	Clarity of expected	BP: Relevant benefits are identified for all categories	Yes	Best	
	benefits	BP: Benefits are measurable for all categories	Yes	practices	
		BP: Disclosure of refinancing prior to issuance and in post-allocation reporting	Yes		
		BP: Commitment to communicate refinancing look-back period prior to issuance	Yes		
	Transparency and clarity of the process for defining and monitoring eligible projects	Clarity of the process	Α		Best practices
Process for		Disclosure of the process	Α	Deed	
project evaluation		Transparency of the environmental and social risk mitigation process	Α	Best practices	
and selection		BP: Monitoring of continued project compliance	Yes		
	Allocation and tracking of proceeds	Tracking of proceeds	Α		Best practices
		Periodic adjustment of proceeds to match allocations	Α	•	
Management of proceeds		Disclosure of the intended types of temporary placements of unallocated proceeds	Α	Best practices	
		BP: Disclosure of the proceeds management process	Yes		
		BP: Allocation period is 24 months or less	Yes		
		Reporting frequency	Α		
		Reporting duration	Α		Best practices
		Report disclosure	Α		
		Reporting exhaustivity	Α		
Reporting	Reporting transparency	BP: Allocation reporting at least until full allocation of proceeds, and impact reporting until full bond maturity or loan payback	Yes	Best practices	
	. ,	BP: Clarity and relevance of the indicators on the sustainability benefits	Yes	·	
		BP: Disclosure of reporting methodology and calculation assumptions	Yes		
		BP: Independent external auditor, or other third party, to verify the tracking and allocation of funds	Yes		
		BP: Independent impact assessment on environmental and social benefits	Yes		
		Overall alignment with pri	nciples score:		Best practices

Legend: BP - Best practice, A - Aligned, PA - Partially aligned, NA - Not aligned

Appendix 2 - Mapping eligible categories to the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals

The two eligible categories included in EDP's framework are likely to contribute to two of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), namely:

UN SDG 17 Goals		SDG Targets
GOAL 7: Affordable and Clean Energy	Clean transportation infrastructure	7.1: Ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services
	Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	7.2: Increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix
GOAL 13: Climate Action	Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	

The United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) mapping in this SPO considers the eligible project categories and associated sustainability objectives/benefits documented in the issuer's green finance framework, as well as resources and guidelines from public institutions, such as the ICMA SDG Mapping Guidance and the UN SDG targets and indicators.

Appendix 3 - Summary of eligible categories in EDP's green finance framework

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Eligible Categories	Eligible Green Projects	EU Taxonomy Economic Activities	Sustainability Objectives	Impact Reporting Metrics
Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	- Hydrogen - Solar (PV) - Wind (onshore and offshore) - Hydropower - Electricity transmission and distribution - Storage of electricity	3.10 Manufacture of hydrogen 4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology 4.3 Electricity generation from wind power 4.5 Electricity generation from hydropower 4.9 Transmission and distribution of electricity 4.10 Storage of electricity 7.6 Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	Climate change mitigation	For assets in relation to renewable generation facilities/infrastructure: - Installed capacity (MW) - Annual CO ₂ emissions avoided (tCO ₂) - Annual production of renewable energy (MWh) For assets in relation to electricity distribution: - Network length (km) - Electricity distributed (MWh)
Clean transportation infrastructure	- Electric vehicle charging points	7.4 Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)	Climate change mitigation	 Number of electric vehicle charging points Annual CO₂ emissions avoided (tCO₂)

Appendix 4 - Alignment with the EU taxonomy criteria

We have provided a supplementary opinion on the alignment of the framework with the EU taxonomy criteria, as outlined in the scope section of this report.

As detailed in the tables below, we consider all economic activities to be aligned with the EU taxonomy criteria. Our assessment is based solely on the information provided by the issuer.

The issuer has implemented processes to ensure that all selected projects align with the technical screening criteria (TSC) and the minimum safeguards (MS) as applicable under the EU taxonomy regulation. The issuer has concluded a detailed screening of the EU taxonomy criteria for each of the economic activities and identified where existing national law is likely to cover the requirements and where it needs to be complemented by additional measures. This process is described in the "Project evaluation and selection" subsection, under "Alignment with Principles".

Moody's Ratings has expressed its view on the relevance of the environmental objective targeted by the economic activities in the "Contribution to sustainability" section.

Substantial contribution criteria - Climate change mitigation (CCM) (1/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Aligned	Criteria CCM 1, 2 and 3: EDP's hydrogen production will follow the Renewable Energy Directive (RED III) requirements for renewable fuels of non-biological origin (RFNBOs). GHG emissions lower than 3tCO ₂ e/tH ₂ . Life-cycle GHG emissions savings will be calculated and verified accordance with Directive 2018/2001.
Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure				Criterion CCM 4: Considered not applicable, as eligible projects are limited to green hydrogen - produced from electrolysis and using only renewable sources, reason why the process does not involve CO_2 emissions.
	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology.	Aligned	EDP's activities include the construction and operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity using solar photovoltaic (PV) technology. EDP expects to increase its solar capacity by 1 GW in 2025.
	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3. Electricity generation from wind power	Aligned	EDP's activities include the construction and operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity from wind power (onshore and offshore). EDP Group to increase its wind capacity by 0.5GW in 2025.

Substantial contribution criteria - Climate change mitigation (CCM) (2/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Aligned	Criteria CCM 1a and 1b: EDP's activities include hydroelectric facilities that are either a run-of-river plant and does not have an artificial reservoir, or the power density of the electricity generation facility is above 5 W/m². According to EDP's integrated annual report 2024, hydro plant in Brazil has been considered not aligned and will not be eligible under the framework. EDP explained that to ensure the activity complies with these criteria, it uses a methodology that considers the ratio of installed power to the reservoir area for all hydropower plants using the same sub-basin. Criterion 1c: The issuer stated that only new assets and projects will follow the calculation method for life-cycle GHG emissions according to Recommendation 2013/179/EU or, alternatively, using ISO 14067:2018, ISO 14064-1:2018, or the G-res tool.
Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9.Transmission and distribution of electricity	_ Aligned	Criterion CCM 1: The issuer confirmed projects might comply with the three criteria listed under criterion 1. The transmision and distribution assets located in Portugal and Spain are part of the European Electricity System. Criterion CCM 2a: The average emissions factor of the system network (5-year moving average), where EDP operates, is below the threshold value of 100 gCO ₂ e/kWh, measured on a life cycle basis. The emission factor of the production system in Portugal is 93 gCO ₂ /kWh and in Spain is 98 gCO ₂ /kWh. Criteria CCM 2b to 2h: These criteria were considered not applicable as not financed by the issuer.
	Storage of electricity	4.10. Storage of electricity	Aligned	Criterion CCM 1: EDP's activities include the construction and operation of electricity storage including pumped hydropower storage. EDP expects to increase its energy storage capacity by 0.4GW in 2025. Criterion CCM 2: This criterion was considered not applicable as not financed by the issuer.
	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	Aligned -	EDP intends to make installation, maintenance and repair of solar photovoltaic systems and the ancillary technical equipment.
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)	-	EDP's activities include the construction and operation of charging stations for electric vehicles. In 2024, the company had 13,054 charging points installed. The company is committed to installing 40,000 public and private charging points by 2025 in Portugal, Spain and Brazil, countries where it has commercial activity.

Do No Significant Harm - Climate change adaptation (CCA)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Aligned	All economic activities, for which these DNSH criteria apply, align with Appendix A.
	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology	Aligned	Climate change related risks are assessed on an annual basis – and are integrated into the company's risk management procedures. The assessment follows the Task Force on Climate- related Financial Disclosures - TCFD's recommendations. The climate change assessment is annually reviewed and is structured into three phases: (i) identification of risks and opportunities based on TCFD's recommendation; (ii) update of climate-related scenarios for physical and transitional risks,
	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3 Electricity generation from wind power	Aligned	 where the analysis of physical variables is carried out by an external consultancy firm; and (iii) climate-risk quantification and analysis of the risks based on the aggregated climate- related value at risk.
Renewable energy generation facilities/	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Aligned	To incorporate both physical and transitional scenarios, the company developed three scenarios. A narrative is created for each scenario, and the various risk variables are assessed for the 2025, 2030, and 2050 timeframes. Physical risk screening is conducted to identify chronic physical risks such as damage to physical assets, interruption of
infrastructure	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9.Transmission and distribution of electricity	Aligned	risks such as damage to physical assets, interruption of operations, loss of efficiency, increase in maintenance costs, increase delays in asset construction/development, increase in resource variability, asset damages/operations interruptions of coastal assets.
	Storage of electricity	4.10. Storage of electricity	Aligned	The climate adaptation plans are developed and updated based on the main identified risks according to the climate risk assessment of each business unit. This assessment uses regionalized scenarios based on the evolution of climate variables and the main risks and opportunities for each unit. The company disclosed specific adaptation measures, such as
	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable	Aligned	improving turbine cooling systems for higher temperature operation and installing insulation in key areas for enhanced performance during cold days.
	technologies	energy technologies		The climate-related physical risks assessment 2024 shows that wildfires, extreme temperatures, but also wind and rain events will negatively impact networks in all geographies where the
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation. maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)		issuer operates (Portugal, Spain and Brazil). On the other hand, EDP has opportunities with acceleration in the energy transition, including storage of energy, positively impacting Generation lberia and EDPR (EDP Renewables). Extreme temperatures may cause loss of efficiency, malfunctioning turbines and panels and unpredictability of consumption. Thus, storage of electricity to cover potential generation outages and technology diversification will be important mitigation measures. The focus on electrification through energy services and electric vehicles is also seen as an offsetting strategy.

Do No Significant Harm – Sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources (WMR) (1/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
Odicegory	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Aligned	The environmental impact assessments (EIA) will comply with all requirements mentioned in Appendix B and the Directives 2000/60 and 2011/92. During the development phase of any project, the potential environmental impacts are thoroughly analyzed in environmental impact studies and other specific environmental assessments conducted by professional external experts. The primary hydrogen projects that the issuer plans to develop are situated in the industrial areas of the company's historical thermal assets. As a result, these hydrogen projects will benefit from existing infrastructure for water access and treatment (such as water collection for cooling and industrial water networks) required for the electrolysis process. For all projects, the relevant authorities are consulted on the need for an EIA, and at the very least, a simplified environmental
	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity	Not	process or license is followed. N/A
Renewable	Solar (PV)	generation using solar photovoltaic technology		N/A
energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3 Electricity generation from wind power	Aligned	EDP's EIAs comply with each country's legislation and requirements. For offshore wind projects, the issuer confirmed that underwater noise (Directive's Descritor 11) are always part of the EIA through different biodiversity surveys and underwater modelling, as well as through monitoring programs and plans that span both the construction and operational phases of projects. The characteristics, pressures and impacts in Annex III of the Directive, as well as the criteria in Decision (EU) 2017/848, are also assessed in the EIA.
	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Aligned	Criterion 1: All EDP's hydropower facilities comply with Portuguese and European legal obligations and environmental licenses, including the Directive 2000/60/EC. Furthermore, EDP's hydropower facilities in Portugal are ISO 14001 and EMAS (Eco-Management and Audit Scheme) certified.
				Criteria 2.1, 2.2, 3.3: The company has plans to monitor the water quality of reservoirs and the effectiveness of ecological flow regimes. To ensure the safe migration of fish, the company has implemented fish passages to support their migration. Fish populations and their migration patterns are also monitored to guarantee that the measures implemented are effective. To preserve the health of aquatic ecosystems, the ecological flow regimes are released according to monthly variations to ensure ecological needs are met. The ecological flows are monitored and agreed upon with the respective authorities.

Do No Significant Harm – Sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources (WMR) (2/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Aligned	Criteria 3.1, 3.2, 3.4: At the moment, EDP has no hydropower plant in construction phase. However, before the construction of new hydropower plants, the company conducts impact assessments to evaluate all potential impacts on the status of water bodies within the same river basin, and considers the best available technical solutions. When planning new projects, EDP focuses on mitigation of potential negative impacts that may arise. There are monitoring plans in place for production equipment to prevent environmental incidents impacting water. They include regular inspections, maintenance schedules, and immediate response protocols for any detected issues. Criterion 3.5: According to impacts identified, the company adopts compensatory measures to ensure that water bodies and biodiversity are not negatively impacted. The company mentioned that in the Dam Project Foz Tua, compensatory measures were adopted to enhance the habitat for a small semiaquatic mammal (Galemys Pyrenaicus), to protect riparian galleries and aquatic mollusks. In the Baixo-Sabor Development project, a stream located downstream of the dam was rehabilitated in order to be a place for the reproduction of some fish species. The company also has a reforestation project related to the Alto Lindoso Hydropower plant, which covers 22 hectares in the National Park of Peneda Geres, in Portugal.
	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9. Transmission and distribution of electricity	Not applicable	N/A
	Storage of electricity	4.10. Storage of electricity	Aligned	Criterion 1: This criterion is considered not applicable by the issuer as the assets are connected to river bodies.
				Criterion 2: The issuer will follow the process described in economic activity 4.5 above.
	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	Not applicable	N/A
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)	Not applicable	N/A

Do No Significant Harm – Transition to a circular economy (TCE) (1/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity generation using solar	Aligned	All economic activities, for which TCE DNSH criteria apply, are considered aligned.
		photovoltaic technology		EDP has implemented a Circular Economy Strategy founded on three pillars: reduction, optimisation and valorisation. One of the company's targets is to accelerate circularity in renewables in terms of operational waste and decommissioning, reaching more than 80% by 2025. The company's Environmental Policy details its commitments to the circular economy and how it promotes the efficient use of natural resources in its activities, wherever possible, through life-cycle analysis.
	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3 Electricity generation from	Aligned	The company also assesses the efficiency of wind turbines and solar panels, as well as their end-of-life processes, to determine whether they should be replaced or dismantled.
Renewable energy generation		wind power		The company has established ESG priorities for the procurement of strategic equipment, particularly solar and wind technologies. These priorities encompass decarbonization, circular economy, human and labor rights, health and safety, transparency, and biodiversity. Additionally, the company collaborates with suppliers to obtain and share Life-Cycle Analyses (LCAs) and environmental information about their products, focusing on aspects such as circular economy and recycling rates.
facilities/ infrastructure	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9. Transmission and distribution of electricity	Aligned	The company promotes and rewards contracts that offer solutions and opportunities for circularity. EDP aims to have 90% of its purchase volume aligned with its ESG goals by 2026. This includes purchases from critical suppliers whose decarbonization, environmental (biodiversity and circular economy), and human rights goals align with those of the Group.
				In terms of infrastructure and network, EDP aims to transform the value chain of major assets with the "Circularity by Design" program, leveraging digitalization to enhance the network's role
	Storage of electricity electricity electricity	Aligned	as a platform. This approach will help to streamline processes and reduce the consumption of materials and resources. Another initiative, Analytics4Assets, employs artificial intelligence to evaluate the network's technical assets, such as HV/MV power transformers, HV circuit breakers, and HV powerlines. This program provides valuable insights that aid in optimizing maintenance and investment plans for these assets.	
				Finally, EDP has installed batteries for energy storage in solar farms to enhance the flexibility of electrical systems and accommodate greater renewable capacity.

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Do No Significant Harm – Transition to a circular economy (TCE) (2/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Not applicable	N/A
Renewable energy generation	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Not applicable	N/A
facilities/ infrastructure	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies		N/A
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)	applicable	N/A

Do No Significant Harm – Pollution prevention and control (PPC) (1/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
Renewable energy generation facilities/ infrastructure	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Aligned	The hydrogen projects use fluorinated products, such as PTFE (Teflon®) and Nafion®, which are produced with, among other substances, PFOA. The company is committed to ensure compliance with the specified criterion, except in the case of substances present as an unintentional trace contaminant, including adhering to any applicable exemptions and transitioning to alternative substances as they become available. This criterion will be integrated into the procurement process for suppliers of hydrogen manufacturing equipment. On a general note, EDP will not manufacture or market any of the referenced substances, with usage limited to acquiring equipment where no viable alternatives exist. EDP's projects are not related to the production of chlor-alkali, to the refining of mineral oil and gas. Regarding the management of waste water, the company stated that the best available techniques (BAT) will be used.

Do No Significant Harm – Pollution prevention and control (PPC) (2/2)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
Renewable energy generation facilities/infrastructure	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology	Not applicable	N/A
	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3 Electricity generation from wind power	Not applicable	N/A
	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Not applicable	N/A
	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9. Transmission and distribution of electricity	Aligned	EDP's Corporate Safety Management System (CSMS) follows the Guidelines on Occupational Safety and Health Management System of the International Labor Organization (ILO - OSH 2001), and the Occupational Health and Safety Management System Assessment (OHSAS 18001:2007). The IFC General Environmental, Health, and Safety Guidelines, although not explicitly mentioned in the company's CSMS, is considered compliant as per EDP Group's policies and procedures. The issuer measures the levels of electric and magnetic fields in areas of higher risks for workers. Regarding polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), EDP still owns a residual amount (less than 0.1%) of transformers contaminated with concentrations above 50ppm. EDP plans to deactivate the use of those equipments in 2025. Nevertheless, EDP will only finance projects that are fully EU taxonomy-aligned, and no contaminated equipment will be considered eligible.
	Storage of electricity	4.10. Storage of electricity	Not applicable	N/A
	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	Not applicable	N/A
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings (and parking spaces attached to buildings)		N/A

Do No Significant Harm – Protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems (PBE)

Eligible Category	Eligible Green Projects	Economic Activity	Alignment	Related issuer information
Renewable energy generation facilities/infrastructure	Hydrogen	3.10. Manufacture of hydrogen	Aligned	All economic activities subject to these DNSH criteria align with Appendix D. EDP's environmental policy ensures protection of the environment, including biodiversity, integration into decision-making, and management of environmental risks. The policy stresses using the mitigation hierarchy throughout project lifecycles, and the company's environmental management system is externally certified. The evaluation of impacts on biodiversity is carried out in environmental impact studies for identification and evaluation of environmental aspects associated with biodiversity, which is applied in all facilities. For all projects, the competent authorities are consulted on the need to carry out an EIA and, at the very least, a simplified environmental licensing process is followed. The environmental impact studies and other specific environmental studies are always performed by professional external experts. These studies evaluate the possible impacts of the projects in factors such as fauna, flora, soil, air and water bodies, among others. They are developed and conducted to ensure that the necessary studies are carried out to identify the environment state and the potential impacts so that they are avoided, minimized, and compensated during all the project phases. During the construction and operational phases, EDP conducts on-site environmental monitoring to identify and prevent possible impacts on the biodiversity. The initial risk assessment, utilizing Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool data, identifies biodiversity-sensitive areas such as World Protected Areas (WPA) and Key Biodiversity Areas (KBA) as potentially impacted by the company, aiding the decision-making process. As of 2024, the company has 118 operational assets situated in or near these sensitive areas. Some of the assets, e.g., hydropower plants, were constructed before these locations were designated as WPA or KBA. EDP monitors all its facilities located in protected areas to identify assets with a potentially high impact on biodiversity. EDP
	Solar (PV)	4.1 Electricity generation using solar photovoltaic technology	Aligned	
	Wind onshore / offshore	4.3 Electricity generation from wind power	Aligned	
	Hydropower	4.5. Electricity generation from hydropower	Aligned	
	Electricity transmission and distribution	4.9. Transmission and distribution of electricity	Aligned	
	Storage of electricity	4.10. Storage of electricity	Aligned	
	Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	7.6. Installation, maintenance and repair of renewable energy technologies	Not applicable	N/A
Clean transportation infrastructure	Electric vehicle charging points	7.4. Installation, maintenance and repair of charging stations for electric vehicles in buildings	Not applicable	N/A

Minimum Safeguards

Assessment at the issuer level

Minimum Safeguards	Alignment	Related issuer information
Human Rights	Aligned	Through its Human Rights Policy, the company commits to respecting and enforcing human and labor rights, and to following internationally recognized standards, including the International Bill of Human Rights and the International Labor Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work. This policy applies to all EDP's businesses and business relationships. The company also has a 'Local Stakeholder Engagement Policy' which aims to promote active engagement with local communities while mitigating the negative impacts of projects. According to the Business and Human Rights Resource Center (BHRRC) website, there is no ongoing case related to labor or human rights convictions against the company.
Corruption	Aligned	The company's Compliance Management System is aligned with ISO Standard 37301:2021 - Compliance Management Systems. In its Integrity Policy, the company adopts the zero-tolerance policy on corruption, bribery, money laundering, etc It also includes guidelines for due diligence on third parties, monitoring international sanctions, etc. The Integrity Policy is approved by the Executive Board of Directors and is periodically reviewed. The company's compliance program includes training plans, whistleblowing channels, internal and external audits, and reporting to the Audit Committee.
		According to EDP's Integrated Annual Report 2024, there were no convictions, nor fines, for violation of anti-corruption or anti-bribery laws.
Taxation	Aligned	The company's Tax Policy follows Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) guidelines. The Group's Tax Policy is publicly available and the Annual Report contains details on the application of good tax practices. EDP Group companies may, whenever applicable and in accordance with the related tax law, benefit from certain tax benefits or incentives in specific conditions.
Fair Competition	Aligned	The company is committed to a fair competition on markets in accordance with current legal regulations. Its fair competition practices are referenced by the group's Code of Ethics, Integrity Policy, Commitment to Healthy Competition, and Competition-related Specific Compliance Programme.
		The copmany has measures in place to promote employee awareness of the importance of compliance with all applicable competition laws and regulations. The company routinely provides competition law training programs and communication strategies for its employees.
		In EDP's Integrated Annual Report 2024, two ongoing legal proceedings concerning competition law are mentioned, for which the company has not been finally convicted. Thus, we consider that EDP is aligned with this requirement.

Endnotes

- 1 Please refer to definitions set out for EU taxonomy criteria in the Scope section of this report.
- 2 References to EU taxonomy criteria are to the technical screening criteria (TSC) set out in the EU Commission Delegated Regulations (EU) 2021/2139 and (EU) 2023/2486 and the minimum safeguards (MS) set out in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (as amended periodically).
- <u>3</u> Point-in-time assessment is applicable only on date of assignment or update.
- 4 International Energy Agency (IEA), , retrieved in July 2025.
- **<u>5</u>** European Commission, <u>Launch of the Route 35 platform</u>, December 2022.
- 6 Statista, Forecast demand for electric vehicle chargers in the United States between 2021 and 2030, by location, retrieved in January 2025.

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